PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS

The Senate Devotes a Day to Considering the Substitute for the Mills Bill.

The Pouse Transacts Considerable Routine Business, and Argees to Take Up the Direct-Tax Bill at To-Day's Session.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5 .- Mr. Vest offered a resolution continuing the existence of the select committee on the question touching the meat product of the United States, especially as to its transportation, with leave to sit during the the session and during the next recess.

At the suggestion of Mr. Sherman the resolukion was referred to the committee on contingent expenses.

Mr. Dawes offered a resolution, which was agreed to, calling on the Secretary of the Interior for information as to alleged outrages and restraint of liberty committed in Alaska on Indian females and other persons, and what steps, If any, have been taken by the department to protect the persons of females in Alaska from such outrages. He said he had no knowledge on the subject, but that the public printes had been for some time full of statements of such outrages of the most barbarous kind. If they were true it was a public scandal that no steps had been taken to prevent their repetition, and if they were not true, it was a public scandal to have such stories circulated without refutation.

Mr. Hoar offered a resolution, which was referred to the committee on contingent expenses, continuing the select committee on the relations with Canada, with power to sit during the recess, and to report at the December session of

Mr. Plumb offered a resolution, which was agreed to, instructing the committee on epidemic diseases to inquire as to the cause of the introduction of yellow fever into Florida during the past season, whether the instrumentalities of such introduction are still in force, and what legislation, if any, is necessary to prevent a similar or other introduction of yellow fever. At 12:30 the Senate proceeded to consideration

of the tariff bill. Mr. Harris asked Mr. Allison whether the Senate committee on finance had reported only one amendment to the House bill. Mr. Allison-There is but one amendment to

the House bill, in the nature of a substitute. Mr. Harris-In order to test the sense of t Senate as to whether the principle indicated by the House bill, which, as I understand it, proposes to reduce revenue by reducing taxation, shall prevail, or whether the principle on which the substitute proceeds-that of reducing rev-Daus by, to some extent at least, increasing taxation-shall prevail, I move to lay the amendment on the table, and I ask for the yeas and

The motion was rejected-yeas 19, nays 26-a Btrictly party vote. The Clerk then proceeded with the reading of the substitute for amendments.

Mr. Vance moved an amendment to the tobacco section reducing the limit of claim for rebate from \$10 to \$5-rejected.

No other amendment was offered to the to-The next subject, commencing at Section 3 and ending with Section 11, was that of "alcohol in the industrial arts." No amendment was offered, but Mr. Sherman said that he had very grave doubts as to the practicability of applying these sections without encouraging fraud. He believed that the object proposed was a good one, to remove all tax from alcohol used in manufactures, arts or medicine. The sections were very harsh and severe, unnecessarily so, but he did not believe that, with all their harshness and severity, they would be successfully applied and executed. He was willing to see the experiment tried, but he simply wished to enter his caveat. He added that he would reserve the right to offer one or two amendments to some of

the details. Mr. Harris gave notice that he would also have some amendments to offer to the internal revenue sections of the bill.

Mr. Vance offered an amendment removing from all the internal revenue statutes all provisions fixing a minimum of penalty and leaving the matter to the discretion of the court. The amendment was rejected by a party vote -yeas 17, pays 28.

Mr. Vance also offered an amendment, which was rejected without division, providing that no warrant shall be issued in case of internal revenue offense, except on affidavit of the collector or deputy collector or revenue agent; and that no fees shall be paid by the government unless there be a conviction, or unless the prosecution shall have been approved by the United States district attorney.

Various amendments to the internal revenue statutes were offered by Mr. Vance, and were all rejected.

At 2 o'clock the Union Pacific settlement bill came up as the unfinished business, and it was, on motion of Mr. Frye, postponed as a special order till Wednesday next, at 12 o'clock, and consideration of the tariff bill was resumed. Mr. Vance offered another amendment, which

was agreed to without division. It provides that when the health or life of a prisoner under the internal revenue laws is endangered by close confinement, the judge may issue an order providing for such prisoner's reasonable comfort and well being. Then came Section 12, which deals with

"duties upon imports," beginning with Schedule A, "chemical products."

Mr. McPherson called attention to the fact that the rates of duty reported for chemical products made no allowance for the remittance of the tax on spirits used in medicines. This omission would, he said, simply operate as an additional bounty to the manufacturers of chemical products. No member of the finance committee would deny that there would be great frauds on the revenue under the provisions for free alcohol in the arts and manufactures. He therefore regarded those provisions as the first step toward the total abrogation of the whisky tax. Just as sure as one day follows another, it would be necessary either to repeal the proposed legislation, or to abolish the whole tax on whisky. He was unalterably opposed to such legislation, to any remission of the tax on spirits, and to any system which offered a premium on fraud, and this bill virtually did that.

Mr. Allison thought there was some force in Mr. McPherson's suggestion that this was the proper time to test the question whether the sections relating to alcohol in the arts and manufactures should remain in the bill or be excluded from it. He denied that the proposed legislation was a step in the elimination of the tax on distilled spirits. It was rather a step leading to the perpetuation of that tax, because it eliminated from the problem one great interest that was now suffering because of that tax. The discussion took a political turn, and in the

course of it Mr. Dawes asked Mr. McPherson whether he would abolish the protective system or the internal-revenue system if the alternative were presented.

Mr. McPherson-I am not in the habit of jumping before I reach the stile. When any such question comes before the Senate for action I will take that matter under prayerful considera-

Mr. Dawes-I state distinctly-and I should like to see the Republican differing from methat when that alternative is presented to me I will vote for the abolition of the internal revonne system and against the abolition of the protective system. A vote was then taken on a motion made by

Mr. Mel'herson to strike out all the sections as te alcohol used in manufactures, and it was rejected-yeas, 17; navs, 24. Mr. Sherman voted with the other Republicans in the negative.

Mr. McPherson gave notice that he would renew the motion hereafter. After disposing of thirty pages of the bill and reaching the end of Schedule A-no amendment being offered to it-the Senate proceeded to ex-

ecutive business and, at 3:50, adjourned. Proceedings of the House.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5 .- In his opening prayer in the House, to-day, the Chaplain commended

to the Almichty protection the President-elect in the following words: Amidst the perplexities by which he is beset under the solemn sense of responsibility of his great trust, grant him the sense of Thy presence and comfort; guard his person from all peril and danger, preserve

him in perfect health of body and mind, vouchsafe him light and cheer, and be Thou the strength of his heart and his portion forever. Mr. Richardson, of Tennessee, from the com-

mittee on printing, reported a resolution for the printing of 25,000 copies of the President's message. Adopted. Under the call of States the following bills, etc., were introduced and referred: By Mr. Oates, of Alabama: To regulate immi-

By Mr. Vandever, of California: For the construction of a revenue cutter for San Francisco; also, a resolution calling on the Secretary of the Treasury for information concerning the relief of American whaling and fishing vessels in Behring sea and the Arctic ocean.

By Mr. Stewart, of Georgia: To establish a gradnated income tax, the proceeds of which shall be applied to the payment of pensions. By Mr. Anderson, of Kansas: A resolution directing the Interstate-commerce Commission to inform the House, after prompt and investigation, in what ways

interstate traffic may be or are evading, or by clearing-house or other form of combination. may be seeking to evade, those provisions of the interstate commerce act which were intended to secure to the people the benefits of low freight rates as the result of competition among carriers. The commission is requested to inform the House what legislation may be most effective to prevent combinations for the purpose of fix-ing or maintaining agreed or uniform freight rates, and to transmit a stenographic report of the testimony taken.

the international copyright bill a special order for Dec. 19. By Mr. Raynor, of Maryland: Making the postal telegraph bill a special order for Dec. 14. By Mr. Cummings, of New York: For the construction of two steel cruisers, to be armed with dynamite guns and torpedo throwers; also, for the construction of two steel rams to be armed with heavy rifled dynamite guns and

By Mr. Breckinridge, of Kentucky: Making

torpedo throwers. Mr. Springer, of Illinois, asked unanimous consent for immediate consideration of a resolution making the "omnibus" bill for the admission of Dakota, Montana, Washington and New Mexico a special order for to-day, the bill to be considered from day to day until disposed of. Mr. Grosvenor, of Ohio, objected, remarking that the gentleman from Illinois had not appeared very anxious, last session, to admit Da-

In the consideration morning bour the House proceeded to consider the Senate bill for the adustment of the accounts of laborers, workmen and mechanics arising under the eight-hour

Mr. Tarsney, of Michigan, in charge of the bill, briefly explained that the bill carried no appropriation, but simply provided that the workman could go before the Court of Claims and have settled the question of the legal construction of the contract between himself and the government. If the government had incurred an obligation it was in bonor bound to After debate the bill went over without ac-

The proceedings were interrupted to enable Mr. Mills to present, and the House to enter, the following order:

That Thursday, Dec. 6, Saturday, the 8th, and Tuesday, the 11th, immediately after the reading of the journal, be set apart for consideration of Senate Bill 139 (the direct-tax bill), now in committee of the whole, and that at 4 P. M. Tuesday, Dec. 11, the same shall be reported to the House, with such amendments as may have been agreed on in committee, and the previous question shall then be considered as ordered on all such amendments, and ordering the bill to a third reading and on its passage, and the votes thereon shall be taken in the House.

This order was not formulated at any regular

meeting of the committee on rules, but was framed after consultation between Messrs Mills and Randall, in order to meet the of the caucus resolution adopted last session. Mr. Springer asked unanimous consent for the adoption of a resolution making the Senate bill for the admission of the Territory of South Dakota and the organization of the Territory of North Dakota a special order for to-morrow, and from day to day until disposed of. Thereafter the bills for the admission of Montana, Washington and New Mexico shall be in order until

Mr. Payson objected, for the present; and calling up the Des Moines river land bill, he proceeded to argue in favor of it, and to give a history of the grant.

Mr. Wheeler regretted that the bill had been brought into the House unexpectedly, thus preventing him from filing a minority report, as he had intended to do. There were in the committee-room numerous petitions from the settlers,

to obtain them. The bill was then passed. Adjourned.

THE GOOD WORK OF WOMEN.

protesting against the bill, but he was not able

What Some of Them Are Doing for the Foreign Mission Service.

The Indianapolis district meeting of the Woman's Foreign Missionary Society closed its session last night. While the attendance was not large, ladies interested expressed themselves as satisfied with the results of the work done, and say that the outlook for the next six months is very encouraging. Yesterday's proceedings included the reading of the reports of the district secretary and treasurer, and missionary papers. Reports of committees, with recitations, dialogues and music interspersed, also formed part of the general programme. One of the interesting features was the paper by Mrs. C. C. Williams, of this city, on South America. A missionary letter from Mrs. Van Petten, of Jasper, was read, in which an appeal was made for more workers. At noon a lunch was spread by the ladies of Ames Church.

The report of the district secretary showed that during the last six months \$254.61 was given by the various auxiliaries of the district for foreign mission work, those reporting being Ames auxiliary, which, with a membership of thirty-two, gave \$12.95; Blackford-street, with a membership of sixtvtwo, contributing \$54, assisted by the children's branch, composed of ninety-eight members; California street branch, with fourteen members, raised \$18; the Martinsville auxiliary of sixty-one members sending in \$45.15; Monrovia's fifteen members reporting \$17.45 and Mount Olive's membership of twenty forwarding \$7.56: Greencastle raised \$39.50. Meridian-street auxiliary gave the most, the amount being \$60. Its membership is sixty-the largest number reported. The secretary also stated that the Northwestern branch of the Women's Foreign Missionary Society was in debt to the amount of \$4,000, two hundred dollars of which indebtedness the Indianapolis district was asked to pay. This will probably be raised through an

assessment of 20 or 25 cents on each member in The closing remarks were made by the conference secretary, Mrs. E. Kelly, of this city, in which she appealed to those present to work with greater zeal, even, in the next six months,

at the Meridian-street Church. The Temperance Cause.

than ever before. The next meeting will be held

The Meridian W. C. T. U. met yesterday afternoon at the home of its president, M rs. H. B. Jacobs, at the institute for the blind. Monthly reports of work were given by various committees. The following resolution was unanimously adopted: Resolved, That we extend to Francis Murphy our fraternal greetings; we heartily indorse his work in our city, and we will give our cordial co-operation in his meetings here for the promotion of total abstinence and the salvation of souls.

Legal Business in the State. From fifty-seven counties the State Statistician has returns concerning the business of last year in the various courts. Making his estimates upon these returns as to counties not reporting, he shows civil cases begun, 24,903; criminal cases, 8,010; indictments returned, 6,-935; convictions, 2,168; executions, 8,391; fore-closure decrees, 2,258. Comparing these figures with those for 1887, it is shown that the increase of judicial business was as follows: Civil cases begun, 1,539; criminal cases, 337; indictments, 719; convictions, 225. In executions issued there

Real Estate Transfers.

was a decrease of 79, and in foreclosure decrees

Instruments filed for record in the recorder's office of Marion county, Indiana, for the twenty-four hours ending at 5 P. M., Dec. 5, 1888, as furnished by Elliott & Butler, abstracters of titles, Room 23, Ætna

Chas. Dougherty to Haxtun Steam Heater Company, lot 3, in Lockwood & Me-Clain's Southeast addition, lot 94, in Bright et al.'s subdivision of outlot 155, and part of lot 10, in West heirs' addi-Wm. Goebel to Erhart Beck, lot 58, and part of 57, in Dunlop & Tutewiler's ad 1,300.00 dition.....

Robert Greenman to Thos. F. Quill, lot 5. in J. H. Master's subdivision of Cress's addition..... Joseph E. Sherrill to J. Augustus Lemcke, lots 2, 3 and 4, in Dancy's subdivision of lot 4, in block 44...... 12,500.00 James E. Anderson to Alex. M. Robertson. in Mary A. Potts's subdivision of block 6, in Holmes's West-end addition Thos. Y. Noble to Eva M. Smith, lot 13, in John H. Vajen's subdivision of block 13, in Holmes's West-end addition.... Thos. Y. Noble to Wm. H. Wilhelm, lot 12, in J. H. Vajen's subdivision of block 13, in Holmes's West-end addi-

225.00 Henry L. Smith to Orange W. Moorman, part of lot 10, in Wood's subdivision of outlot 39 John Holloran et al. to Annie Zimmer-mann, lot 30, in M. E. Downie's guardian's subdivision of part of outlot 102 Louis F. Burtin to Wm. McGinnis, part 700.00 of lots 21 and 22, in square 1, in Mar-4,000.00 tindale's south addition John F. Holt to John Hedlund, lots 81 and 82, in Crane's addition

Chas. F. Meyer to John B. Andrew, lot 121, in E. T., S. K. and A. E. Fletcher's Woodlawn addition...... 1,000.00 Conveyances, 13; consideration \$35,050.00

For Throat Diseases and Coughs Use Brown's Bronchial Troches. Like all real ly good things, they are imitated. The genuine and to what extent railway companies carrying | are sold only in boxes

AFFAIRS OF THE RAILWAYS.

A Bright Outlook for the Bee-Line. Below is published the C., C., C. & I. statement for October and for the first ten months of the year, the statement including the leased Indianapolis & St. Louis and Cincinnati & Springfield lines:

\$174,677 Surplus..... \$92,653 For the ten months ending Oct. 31 the report aggregates the following: 1887. \$6,573,184 4,308,775 Net earnings...... \$1,853,066 Interest, taxes, etc..... 1,578,585 1,707,752 \$556,657 Balance..... \$274,481 Additions to property.. 222,470 130,428

It will be noticed that a surplus is shown, against a deficit in the September statement, and as the next two months promise to be the best in earnings of any months in the year, without question the year will close with a very respectable surplus on hand, which is very creditable to the management, so sharp has been competition and so low have rates been much of the time. A New Line for St. Louis.

Sr. Louis, Dec. 5 .- The St. Louis, Quincy, Omaha & Sioux City Railroad Company, which was incorporated a few day ago, has elected a board of directors as follows: F. B. Stearns, New York city; T. A. Scott, J. W. Harrison, J. C. Richardson, J. R. Howard and Josiah Fogg, St Louis; J. M. Bishop, Quincy, Ill.; J. E.

Booge and James F. Peavey, Sionx City; H. K. Thurber, George M. Heard, M. H. Cleveland and Theodore Weed, New York. F. B. Stearns was elected president; J. Cliff Richardson of St. Louis, vice-president, and Theodore Weed, of New York, secretary and treasurer. The capital stock is \$12,000,000, and the company's object is to own, control and operate a through line from St. Louis to Sioux City, by way of Quincy, Hannibal and Omaha. This new line will open up an entirely new territory tributary to St. Louis, and this city will be established as the terminal point and the headquarters of the road. Personal, Local and State Notes.

Orlando B. Smith has been elected president of the Pittsburg & Connersville road.

C. E. Henderson, general manager of the Ohio, Indiana & Western road, has gone to Kansas City, where he began railroad life, for a The Louisville, New Albany & Chicago road is equipping all of its freight engines with the

American steam brake, which acts on the drivers direct. Notwithstanding the fact that the round-trip rate to Pacific coast points is but 11 cent per mile, ticket agents are not satisfied and are re-

ported to be entting on such rates. The Central Traffic Association declines to prorate with the Southern roads on their excursion business on certain days of each month, taking the position that the regular tourist

Engines on the eastern division of the Wa bash road are now repaired at the shops in Fort Wayne, and it is highly probable that the shops at Delrey, just south of Detroit, will be used only for making repairs to freight cars. Business at the stockyards yesterday took on

olden-time proportions, the Western lines de-

livering 107 car-loads of stock during the day, and it is said shipments to this market will; be heavier to-day, now that the strike is declared Carriers of freight by lake and canal are complaining greatly of the last season's business. The railroads have carried freight so low that

the competition forced them to accept rates in which there was no profit to the carriers by all-In the United States Court, at Pittsburg, on Tuesday, J. N. Hutchinson, of New York city, was appointed trustee of the various mortgages of the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad Company, to succeed G. W. Cass and S. J.

John Fogle, who has been in the employ of the Wabash road from the day it was opened for business, died at his home in Fort Wayne a day or two ago. During the last twenty-seven years that he was in the company's service he never lost a working day until his last illness.

The following statement shows the number of car loads of live stock delivered at Chicago by the Western lines in the month of November: Chicago & Alton, 2,249; C., B. & Q., 4,434; C., M. & St. P., 3,067; C. & N. W., 2,921; C., R. L. & P., 1,649; Santa Fe, 860; Illinois Central, 1,635;

It has been definitely settled that John Se bastian, who is well known in Indianapolis passenger circles, and who has recently been general passenger agent of the Chicago, Kansas & Nebraska road, is to succeed E. A. Holbrook as general passenger agent of the Chicago & The citizens of Fort Wayne are now worrying

lest the programme of the Wabash & Western Railroad Company purchasing the Wabash, St. Louis & Pacific road will be carried out and the shops of the Wabash at that point will become only repair shops for one division, thus greatly reducing the volume of work. Said a ticket scalper, yesterday, when com-

menting on the efforts the passenger agents are making to get a round-trip ticket or a mileage ticket which the scalpers cannot scalp, "The general passenger agents have been at this scheme since 1875, and are no nearer getting such tickets than they were thirteen years ago." Edward B. Wall, superintendent of motive

wer of the P., C. & St. L. and the C., St. L. & P. road, has asked for bids on 2,000 box, 500 stock and 500 gondola cars, the box cars to be 60,000 pounds capacity, and equipped with the Wagner door. The Pennsylvania road proper has just placed an order for 2,500 box cars, and to be equipped in the same manner.

D. B. Martin, general passenger agent of the Bee-line, is in the city on official business. He states that, notwithstanding the falling off in passenger business in November, the earnings of that department for the month are handsomely in excess of those of November, 1787 There has not been a month this year in which an increase in earnings has not been shown over the corresponding periods of last year.

The gentlemen representing Eastern and Western roads, who convened at Chicago to carry out the wishes of the interstate commission by forming a uniform classification, at last accounts had got so far as the selecting of a chairman. Little is likely to come of the effort in that direction, as a majority of the shippers are opposed to a uniform classification, as well as managements of roads in different parts of the country.

There are no railroads in the world which offer such excellent facilities for traveling for so little money as do the roads of the United States. The Pacific coast trains for \$12.50 furnish elegant Pullman car accommodations; for \$2.50 furnished family sleeping-car accommodations can be procured, the rooms being separate, and if personal bedding is provided, the cost of sleeping accommodations in the tourists' cars are nothing, even a porter going along to wait on passengers.

One of the oldest engineers running in here yesterday remarked that since the first railroad was put in operation in this country there have been twenty-four strikes in which the engineers were directly interested, and in but one case had they succeeded, and in every case where arbitration was resorted to, the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy strike excepted, the engineers had won their points, and, in the case of the C. B. & Q., both sides were so bull-headed that

arbitration did not get a fair foothold. C. B. Cole, formerly superintendent on the eastern division of the Ohio & Mississippi road. now superintendent of the Pacific division of the Northern Pacific road, with headquarters at Tacoma, W. T., is in the city. In commenting on the growth of business on the Northern Pacific road, he said that when he accepted his present position the business of that station amounted to only \$30,000 a year. In 1888 it would reach \$150,000 easy, and next year bid fair to largely increase on the last sum named.

Miscellaneous Items. The Western Union has added to its wire mileage, this year, 90,000 miles, largely on the new South and Northwestern railway lines. The Northern Pacific is endeavoring to secure

control of the Seattle, Lake Shore & Eastern railway and indications are that it will succeed. The freight earnings of lowa roads have fallen off this year as compared with those of 1887 \$856,000, while the passenger earnings have in-It is stated that some of the trunk lines are

again paying, secretly, commissions on the sale of tickets, and are paying commissions on Castle Garden business openly. The South Carolina Supreme Court has decided that bonds issued in behalf of railroad corporations by townships are unconstitutional and invalid, which makes a million or more

bonds of this character issued in late years

The passenger-rate war between the roads connecting Chicago with St. Paul has become so bitter that it is believed that a dollar rate will be made between the two cities before New

The Philadelphia & Reading is to put on a very fast train between New York and Atlantic City, over the Jersey Central and Philadelphia & Atlantic City lines. The run is to be made A syndicate of New York capitalists has been

formed to construct the Billings. Hot Springs & Gulf road. The proposed road will be 600 miles long, extending from Billings, via Hot Springs, to the gulf. The Pennsylvania people are much elated over the fact that the Vanderbilts have withdrawn from the syndicate which proposed to build the South Pennsylvania road. The friends

of the enterprise are now selling out their stock at 80 cents on the dollar to friends of the Pennsylvania road proper. The Chicago, Burlington & Quincy is rapidly recovering from the effects of the strike; and 1889 promises to be the best year in the road's history. Its road-bed and equipments are in

excellent shape and on all divisions of its im-

mense system crops are large and a heavy vol-

ume of traffic is well assured. ISSUES BEFORE THE JUDGES.

Conflicting Interests of Creditors in Regard to the Woodworth Failure.

The complications of a suit involving the ownership of a large amount of merchandise are being straightened out in the United States District Court before Judge Woods and a jury. They are of so much importance as to require the services of Duncan, Smith & Wilson, of this city, and J. Adams, of Lafayette, on one side, and Major Calkins on the other, the latter representing the defense. Two years ago Fitch, Deery & Co., of Detroit, creditors of H. A. Woodworth, of Walkerton, filed a complaint in attachment against him, alleging an attempt on defendant's part to defraud creditors. Other creditors, of Chicago, New York, Lafayette and Rechester, came in with their claims, and, from their statements, it appeard that Woodworth had been a very extensive buyer. It was charged that he had turned his stock over to his father-inlaw, Samuel Koontz, to secure the payment of a debt of \$7,000, but when deputy United States Marshal Taylor, with ten attachments, went after the goods, he had to put in ten days of hard work before he could get them together. The creditors represented various lines of trades, from drugs to sewing machines and costly carriages. Taylor in a haymow would find a coltion of articles, only to go to some unoccupied house to recover parts of wagons or other vehicles. Sewing machines, he said, were scattered over the country, while boots and shoes, in boxes that had never been opened, were discovered in warehouses and stables. A dentist's office, it is stated, was also used for storing some of the articles. After the collection was as complete as the deputy marshal, with the assistance of attorney Adams, could make it, he had covered by the attachment drugs and jewelry, ready-made clothing and cheap watches, gentlemen's furnishing goods and wagons, cigars and carriages, boots shoes and fine whiskies. Under the writ all these goods were sold for \$8,000, when the original valuation was much larger. The pending suit is civil in its

claims of Woodworth's father-in-law. Dr. Galbraith Defeats Dr. Harrison. The suit of the State on the relation of Thomas Harrison and the other trustees of the Insane Hospital Board against Superintendent Galbraith, of that institution, was decided in favor of the defendant by Judge Taylor yesterday. When Dr. Galbraith came to the hospital he brought with his family a niece, who was boarded at the expense of the State. The trustees maintained that the superintendent did not have the right to keep her there, unless he paid for her board, and brought suit for \$500. In finding for Dr. Galbraith the Judge beld that there was no statute authorizing such litiraton. The young lady was a member of the Doctor's family, and if she was not it was not the duty of the superintendent to see that her board was paid to the State. In other words, if she is not a member of the family, the suit should have been brought against her, and not against the Doctor. He also said that it was the duty of the trustees not to appoint to positions in the hospital any relatives of the superintendent, either by blood or marriage.

character, and is for the purpose of fixing the

interests of the creditors as opposed to the

The Hawkins Damage Suits.

Attorney-general Garland has appointed Judge Claypool to defend United States Marshal Hawkins, in the damage suits brought against him on account of arrests without cause on election day. The law makes it the duty of the government to defend the marshal in case suits are brought on his official bond, and it is understood that Judge Claypool was appointed at the request of District Attorney Sellers, whose whole time is engaged with the regular duties of his office. Twenty-three suits in all have been filed against the marshal, in the several counties of the State. The first one will come to trial at Martinsville, next Monday. If all the suits are pressed, and there are reasons to believe they will be, Judge Claypool's time will be taken up with them for several months. Te have been brought in the Marion county Superior Court. A total of about \$125,000 in damages is demanded from the marshal, while his bond is for only \$25,000.

Investigating Election Cases.

The United States grand jury is sandwiching with its investigation of election cases a few of general character, such as violation of pension and postal laws. They were left over when the jury adjourned on making its first report, but the indictments will be ready to-day and after they are out of the way the jurors will have nothing before them except the alleged offenses againt voters, the ballot or ballot-box. About 250 such cases have been reported to the district attorney who, on going through them and weighing the certain and probable evidence he had to rely on, found comparatively only a small proportion of them worth investigating. Yesterday about forty witnesses were examined in reference to alleged offenses committed in Hendricks and Montgomery counties.

A Suit Brought Them to Terms. Charles Wagner, a clerk in the coroner's office. presented to the County Commissioners some days ago a bill for \$45 for services, which was refused payment. Monday he brought suit before 'Squire Feibleman for the amount, and

vesterday the commissioners compromised the case by paying him \$35 and settling the costs. Coroner Wagner has engaged an attorney, and says that unless the bills he has in the hands of the board are paid he will sue on each separate one before a justice of the peace. Drink Brought Him to Ruin, John Richardson, arrested Sunday last for stealing \$20 from Edward Pepper, of Muncie, pleaded guilty before Judge Irvin yesterday,

een months. He says there was another man implicated in the robbery, but he refused to give his name. Richardson is nearly fifty years of age, and until a few years ago was a highly-re-spected man. Drink led him into crime. The Defendants' Side. The suit of Butler University against J. L. Wright and others comes, it is stated in behalf of the defendant, by breach of contract on

plaintiff's part, and not because of default of

payment of rent. The rent has all been ten-

dered, but refused. The ground having been

and was sentenced to the penitentiary for eight-

sold, it is claimed, the plaintiff seeks to dispossess the defendants, in violation of contract. Verdict for the Scotchman. The jury in the United States District Court that heard the case of John McCulloch, of Dundee, Scotland, against Dr. Horace R. Allen. wherein plaintiff demanded judgment on commission due for selling certain Texas and Ar-

kansas lands for the defendants, returned a ver-

dict yesterday in favor of McCulloch. He was

allowed \$2,700. The Court Record. UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT. Hon. W. A. Woods, Judge. John McCultoch vs. Horace R. Allen; suit for

commission. Verdict for plaintiff for \$2,700.

al.; suit in attachment. On trial before a jury. SUPERIOR COURT. Room 1-Hon, N. B. Taylor, Judge. State ex rel. Thos. Harrison et al. (trustees) | street.

Fitch, Dewey & Co. vs. H. A. Woodworth et

vs. Thos. S. Galbraith. Judgment on demurrer

Felix Deitch vs. Wesley R. Toon; on note. Finding and judgment for plaintiff for \$111.85. Aultman, Miller & Co. vs. James M. Cuibertson; on note. Finding and judgment for plaint-

Henry Pence vs. Thos. J. Cummings; on account. On trial by court. Room 2-Hon, D. W. Howe, Judge.

Martin Anderburg vs. Maria P. Anderburg; divorce. Granted plaintiff on ground of adul-Chas. A. Owen vs. Albert W. McGuire et al.; suit on tax deed. Tried and taken under advise-

ment. Room 3-Hon, Lewis C. Walker, Judge. State ex rel. Mary Cantelena vs. Ezra G. Martin et al.; on bond. Tried and taken under advisement.

Rebecca N. Fry, administrator, vs. Geo. V. N. Hauch et al.; complaint on account. Demand, Daniel Foley vs. Catherine Southern; com-plaint to foreclose mortgage.

Sallie R. Merrifield vs. Allen R. Russell et al.; complaint on judgment. Demand, \$3,000. CIRCUIT COURT. Hon. John V. Hadley, Judge. Shaffer & McGinnis vs. Mary Kieth; for pos-

Martha L. Wright vs. William B. Walls; appeal from J. P. Dismissed by plaintiff. CRIMINAL COURT. Hon. William Irvin, Judge. State vs. Edward Richardson; highway robbery. Pleaded guilty, and sentenced to the

penitentiary for eighteen months. Do not allow old boards of any kind to lie around in the stable or feed lots. An old nail wound is one of the very worst with stock of any kind, and the safest remedy is to take all reasonable precaution to prevent.

THE WONDERFUL CARLSBAD SPRINGS.

An Eminent Physician Reads a Paper of Great Interest Before the Interna-

tional Medical Congress. At the Ninth International Medical Congress, Dr. At the Ninth International Medical Corgress, Dr.

A. L. A. Toboldt, of the University of Pennsylvania, read a paper stating that out of thirty cases treated with Carlsbad Water and the Powder Carlsbad Sprudel Salt for chronic constipation, hypochondria, disease of the liver and kidneys, jaundice, adiposis, diabetes, dropsy from valvular heart disease, dyspepsia, catarrhal inflammation of the stomach, ulcer of the stomach or spleen, children with marasmus, gout, rheumatism of the joints, gravel, etc., twenty-six were entirely cured, three much improved, and one not treated long enough. Average time of treatment, not treated long enough. Average time of treatment, four weeks. The Doctor claims, in conclusion of his paper, that the Carlsbad Mineral Water, as exported by the city of Carlsbad, being the natural product, is much to be preferred, where the quantity of water is no objection, particularly in diseases of the stomach. Whenever the quantity of water cannot be taken the Powder Carlsbad Sprudel Salt (genuine imported) will answer equally as well. He states that the ef-fect of the Water and Powder Sprudel Salt is to be relied upon, independently of any adjuncts of treatment, such as diet and exercise, etc. "My experience with the genuine imported Carlsbad Salt in powder form has been such that I may truly say that no remedy which I have employed, has given me as much pleasure and profit as this particular one." The dose of Salt is a teaspoonful three times a day dissolved in water. The GENUINE article is bottled under the supervision of the city of Carlsbad, and has the seal of the city, and the signature of Eisner & Mendelson Co. on the neck of every bottle. All others are worthless imitations. The genuine is never sold in bulk. Dr. Toboldt's paper and table of cases mailed to any address upon application to the agents of the Carlsbad Spring, Eisner & Mendelson Company, 6 Barclay Street, New York. For sale by all druggists.

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72 W. Market st.-Cyclorama Place-Telephone 216. SOCIETY MEETINGS.

NCIENT ACCEPTED SCOTTISH RITE-Continuation of Convocation. INDIANA CONSISTORY, S. P. R. S., To-day (Thursday), at 10 a. m., continuing at 7 p. m -19° to 32°, inclusive. J. T. BRUSH, 33°, T. P. G. M.,

Adoniram Lodge. C. E. WRIGHT, 33°, S. M., Committee B. K. ELLIOTT, 33°, M. W., Arrangements. Indianapolis Chapter. P. G. C. HUNT, 33°, Com-in-C'f, N. R. RUCKLE, 33°, Deputy for Indiana.

JOS. W. SMITH, 33°, Secretary. TASONIC-PENTALPHA LODGE, NO. 564, F M and A. Masons. Stated meeting in Masonic Temple, this (Thursday) evening, at 7:30 o'clock,

Annual election of officers and payment of dues.

J. W. STAUB, W. M. WILLIAM H. SMYTHE, Secretary. ANNOUNCEMENTS.

TIME BROKERS' LOAN ASSOCIATION WILL have, on the 15th of December, \$20,000 to place as building loans. CHAS. A. BLYTHE, Secretary, 34 N. Delaware st., Indianapolis, Ind. A STROLOGER-MRS. DR. ELLIS CAN BE CON-sulted on past, present, future, love, friendship, marriage, inheritance, enemies, lost or stolen goods, lawsuits, sickness, death, journeys, etc. It sick, in trouble, or would know what to do for the best, con-

sult the Doctor at once. 23 East Michigan street.

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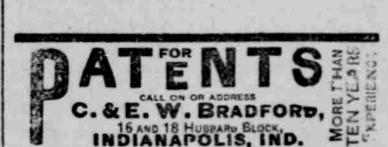
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